Community sea ice observing collaborations

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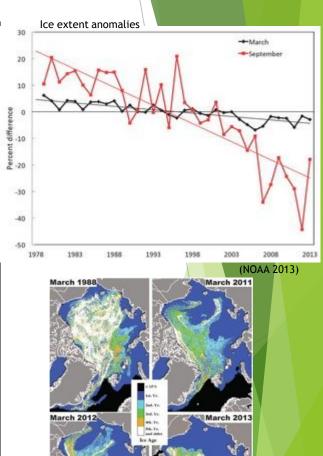
LEO Network Teleconference/ Webinar (18 October 2016)





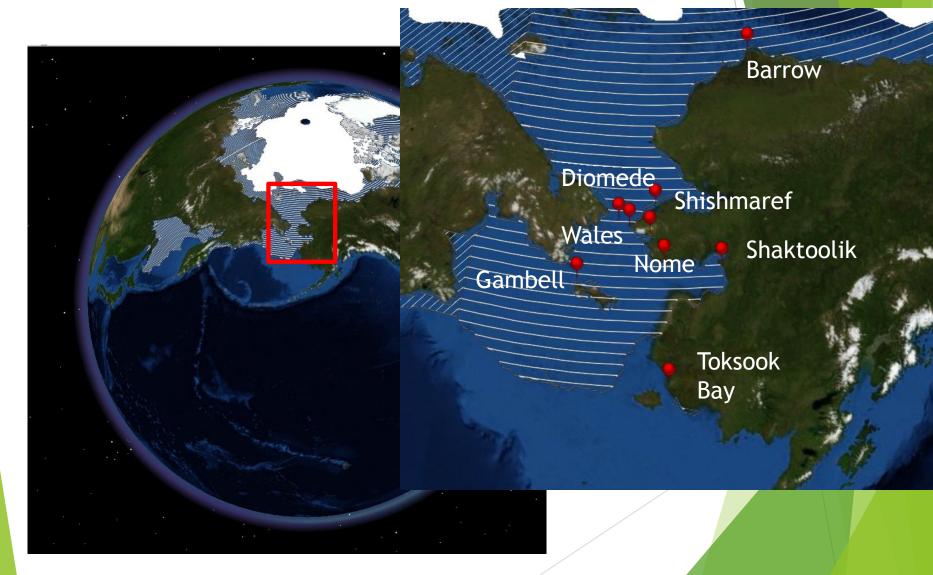
Changing sea ice





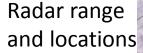
(Malasnik et al. 2011)

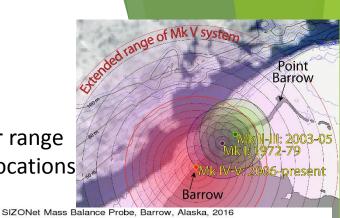
Changing sea ice

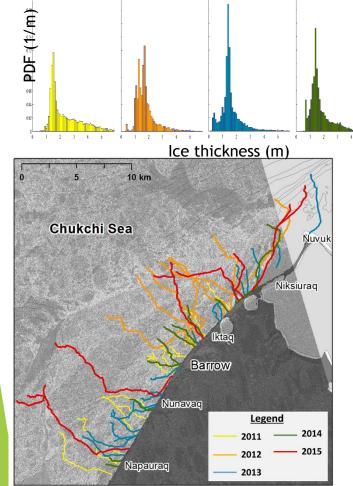


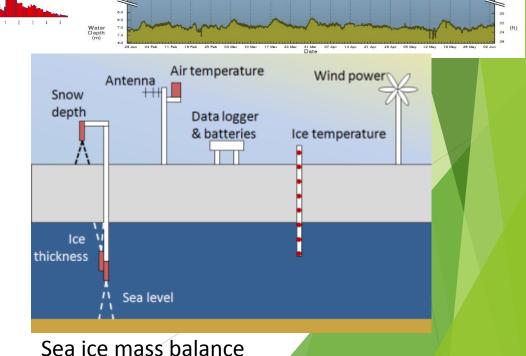
Sea ice measurements

Sea ice thickness on hunting trails



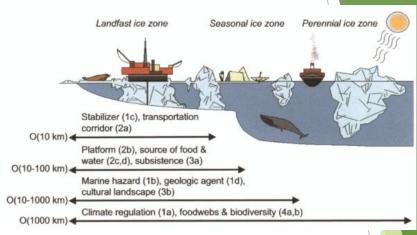






Sea ice system services

Akin to Ecosystem Services



(Eicken, Lovecraft & Druckenmiller 2009)

- Shared sea ice use: sea ice system services for subsistence hunters,
 walrus (Odobenus rosmarus) & bearded seals (Erignathus barbatus)
- Habitat partitioning in early spring/ winter
 - Walrus: & bearded seals: broken pack ice/ pack ice with leads
- Focused on spring migration period

Sea ice system services

Bearded seal

Walrus

Ice habitat use

Supporting services:
year-round habitat,
platform for resting, nursing,
and molting; ice-associated
primary productivity that
supports benthic prey

Provisioning services: iceassociate species as sources of food; multi-year ice as source of freshwater.

Cultural services

Subsistence hunting communities

Materials and methods

- Community observations from February 2006 July 2013
- ► Focus on spring migration (March May) each year
 - SIZONet (<u>http://eloka-arctic.org/sizonet/</u>)
 - Sea Ice for Walrus Outlook (www.siwo.arcus.org)
- Database search for common names & native terminology for walrus & bearded seals
- Qualitative assessment of content
 - Concordance word counts from observations of walrus and bearded seals
- Local observations coded to specific ice categories (local, seasonal) & MODIS/ AVHRR satellite imagery for regional sea ice
- Differences in number of walrus/ bearded seal observations by sea ice category - randomization test (Simpkins et al. 2003)



The SIZONet Observation Database is a collaboration between SIZONet and ELOKA. This Web site is hosted by the National Snow and Ice Data Center

Must agree to terms of use before being able to search database

CURRENT SEARCH

Keyword(s): walrus

Date(s): 2006-04-01 - 2016-

09-30

Village(s): All
Observer(s): All

Photo contributor(s): All

Photo location(s): All

Refine Search

New Search ▶

Search Results

Showing observations 1 - 20 of 272

20 per page ▼ Go to Page: 1

First \leftarrow Previous Page 1 of 14 Next \rightarrow Last

Sort by: Date (Latest-Oldest) ▼

Date	Observer	Village	Additional elements noted (legend)	
2016-09-27	Billy Adams	Barrow	76 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	All details
2016-07-15	Joe Leavitt	Barrow		All details
2016-07-07	Joe Leavitt	Barrow		All details
2016-07-06	Joe Leavitt	Barrow		All details
2015-06-26 03:00 PM	Billy Adams	Barrow		All details
2015-06-25 04:00 PM	Billy Adams	Barrow		All details
2015-06-01	Curtis Nayokpuk	Shishmaref		All details
2015-05-30	Curtis Nayokpuk	Shishmaref		All details
2015-05-27	Curtis Nayokpuk	Shishmaref		All details
2014-07-25	Joe Leavitt	Barrow	愛霧 承	All details
2014-05-31 09:25 AM	Winton Weyapuk Jr.	Wales		All details
2014-05-25 08:30 AM	Winton Weyapuk Jr.	Wales		All details
2014-05-23 07:45 AM	Winton Weyapuk Jr.	Wales		All details
2014-05-18 07:30 AM	Winton Weyapuk Jr.	Wales		All details
2014-05-17 07:10 AM	Winton Weyapuk Jr.	Wales		All details
2014-05-08	Curtis Nayokpuk	Shishmaref	0	All details
2014-05-08 01:15 PM	Winton Weyapuk Jr.	Wales		All details
			Trans.	

Go



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Guest User

Log in

Observation ID: SHINA140508_1

Recorder: Mette Kaufman

Observer: Curtis Nayokpuk

(Shishmaref)

Date: 2014-05-08

New Search ▶

Observation Details

Back to search results

Previous Next

Multimedia



8 May 2014 - Piled ice



8 May 2014 - Hunters cross the sea ice outside of Shishmaref.



Home | Search Observations | About | Research methods | Contacts | Log in

Observation ID: BARAD160927

Recorder: Mette Kaufman

Observer: Billy Adams

(Barrow)

Date: 2016-09-27

Observation location: Pt.

Barrow

New Search ▶

Observation Details

Back to search results

Previous Next

This observation has instructional or didactic value for students or other novices.

This record contains an unusual condition or situation.

Observation source(s):

- · Local knowledge/comment
- · Email communication

Sea ice related activities Whaling:

Crews out on lead edge

Boats out looking for whales

Whale landed

Sea ice observations

Distance to lead/open water:

Approximately 26.0 miles

Weather

Wind speed:

Between 10.0 and 20.0 mph

Air temperature:

Between 30.0 and 35.0 Fahrenheit

Visibility:

Between 0.2 and 5.0 miles

Condition: Fog **Sky:** Overcast

Wind direction: W

Game and Wildlife

Marine Mammals:

Bowhead whale (Taken)

Seal (Sighted)

Walrus (Sighted)

Whale (Sighted)

Terrestrial Mammals:

Polar bear (Sighted)

Transcripts available for registered users







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Logged in as Community Member

Log out

Observation ID: BARAD160927

Recorder: Mette Kaufman

Observer: Billy Adams (Barrow)

Date: 2016-09-27

Observation location: Pt.

Barrow

New Search ▶

Observation Details

Back to search results

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Transcript

September 19-27; location Barrow, opening day of whaling was on the 19th and the whales were 25-30 miles out! The ice from the south was like on shore from Monument to the point and it was ½ mile wide to 1 mile in some areas. The winds were constantly from the west northwest and west 10-20 mph, temperature ranged from 30-35f, overcast, with visibility 2-5 miles and sometimes ¼ mile where there was areas of fog. It has been mostly cruddy with a few hours of clear beautiful sunsets and sunrise then it turns bad weather during the day. Our crew was lucky and landed a 30 foot whale on the 26th! The ice stretched out from the point to about 26 miles out a calm area to wait and ambush a whale. I still have no camera to take amazing photos many and all kinds of sea birds, ducks, seals, walruses, bears, and whales would have been very nice.

This observation has instructional or didactic value for students or other novices.

This record contains an unusual condition or situation.

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Between 0.2 and 5.0 miles

Condition: Fog

Sea Ice for Walrus Outlook



Photo by Maggie Prevenas - PolarTREC/ARCUS



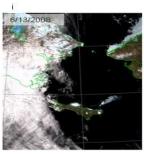
ice experts and the Eskimo Walrus Commission.

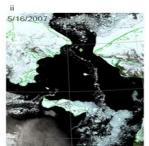
Foundation's Division of Arctic Sciences), who are teaming up with Alaska Native sea-

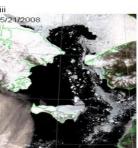
Sea ice categories

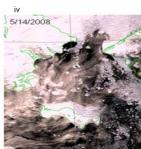
- Local sea ice conditions
 - Relatively close to shore(0 50 km)
 - Nine categories related to pack ice and shorefast ice observations
- Regional scale seasonal sea ice retreat
 - Six categories
 - Related to presence of visible pack ice
 - Accessibility through Bering Strait

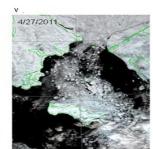
Category	Local sea ice
	condition
1	No ice in sight
2	Scattered floes
3	Shorefast ice breaking up
4	Shorefast/landfast ice described
5	Pack ice blown out to sea
6	Pack ice pushed inshore
7	Pack ice visible from shore
8	Young/ slushy/ thin ice
9	Heavy pack ice

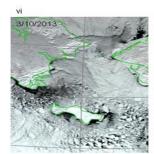




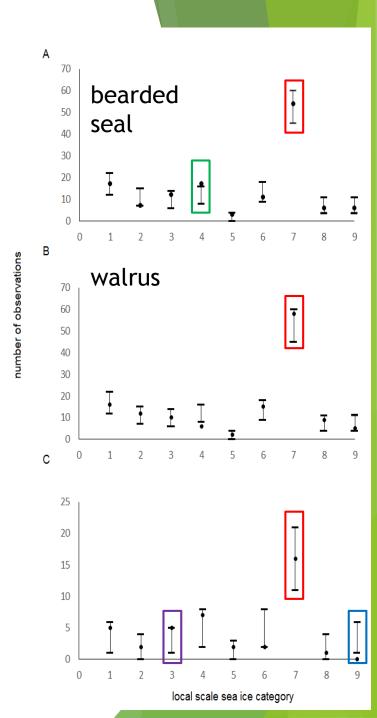








- Local observations reflect detailed information about relevant sea ice conditions
 - Floe sizes (large, very large, big, loose, small)
 - Ice thickness (thin, thick)
 - Surface conditions, development stage, concentration
- Local sea ice conditions:
 - Most walrus, ringed and bearded seal observations reported with pack ice visible from shore
 - Bearded seals more commonly reported with fastice described
 - Ringed seals not reported in heavy pack-ice, but reported when fast ice is breaking up



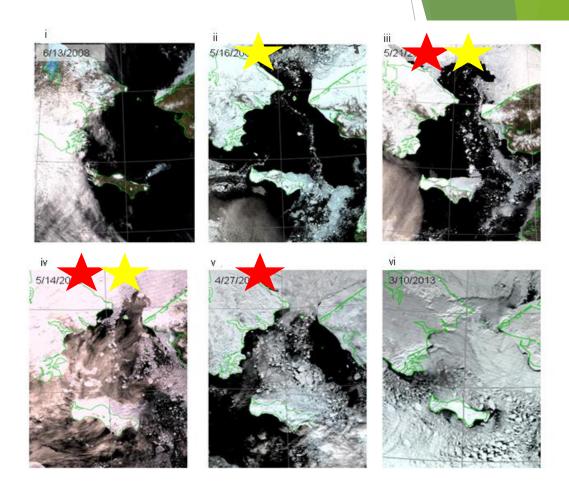
Bearded seals



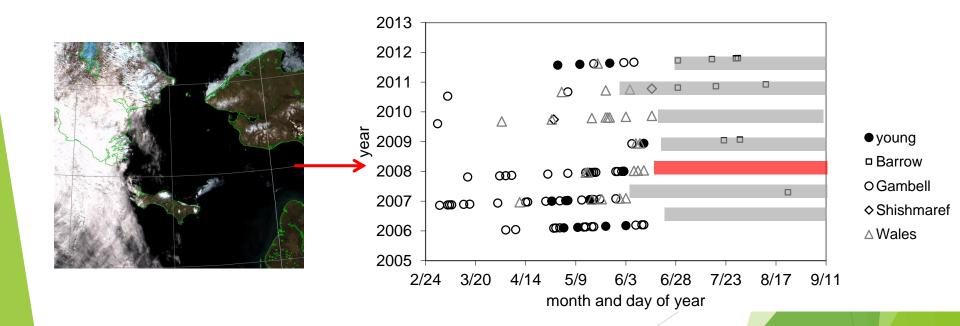
Walrus



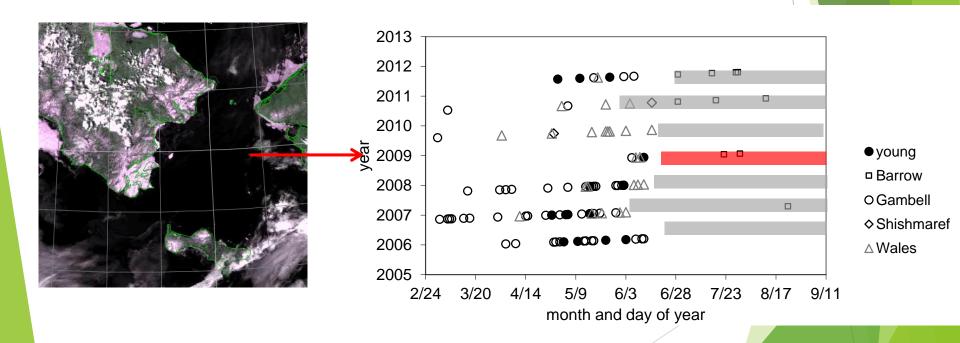
- Bearded seals frequently reported when ice still blocks passage through Bering Strait
 - Acoustic data show bearded seals can be found yearround
- Walrus more frequently reported south of Barrow with greater open water present in Bering Strait



 Observations of young animals associated with ice presence in Bering Strait



 Observations of young animals associated with ice presence in Bering Strait

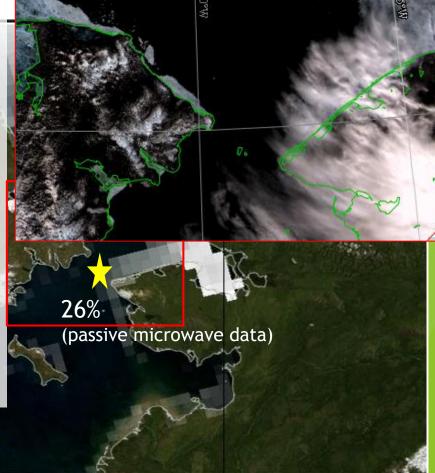


Multi-scale approach to track sea ice conditions

(4 June 2007)

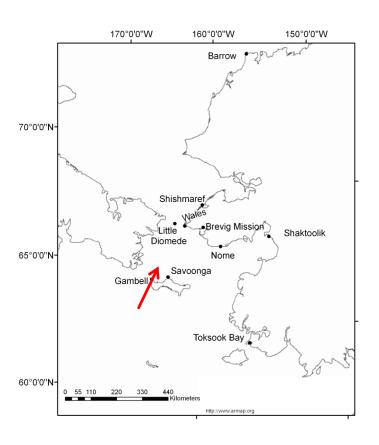
ase layer: GINA

W. Weyapuk: There are a few pieces of grounded floes in front of the village that moved there from the south. The shore fast ice is still attached about 6 miles north of the village... There were three boats out hunting during the weekend. They got some bearded seals and walrus...One boat crew met a crew from Diomede a few miles out on the pack ice and had lunch with them. The Diomede crew was hunting on this side of the strait because of the



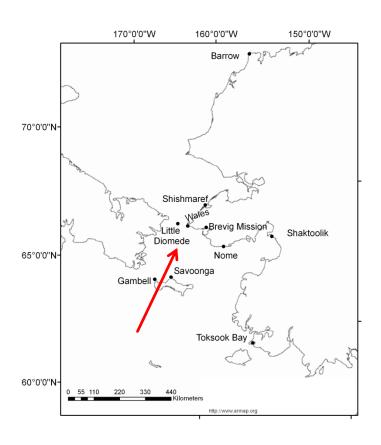
NSIDC - sea ice concentration; Source: AOOS

Supplementary information on species movements

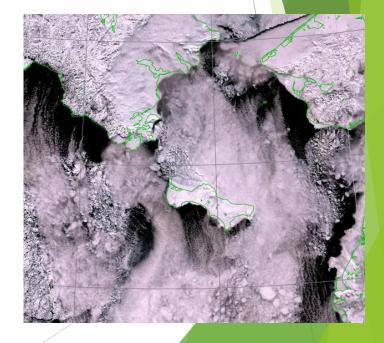


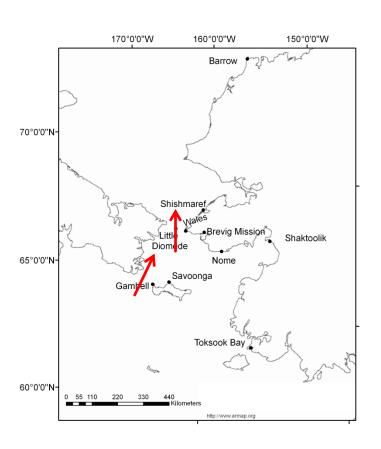
3 March 2007



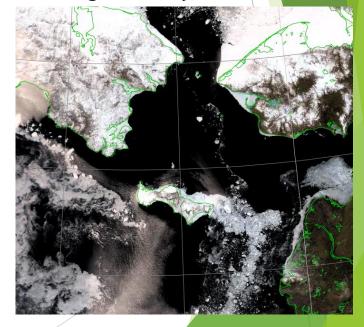


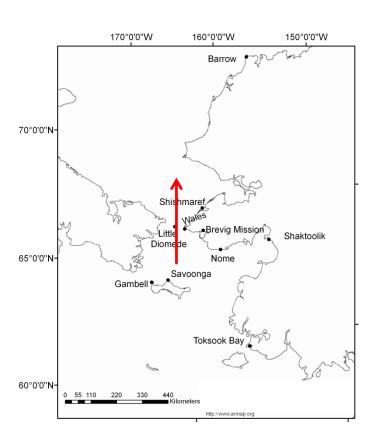
15 April 2007



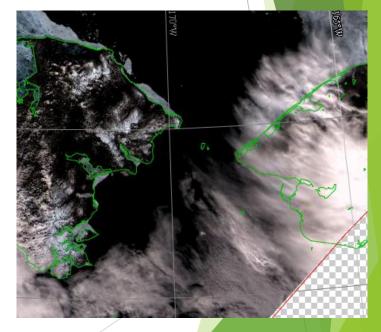


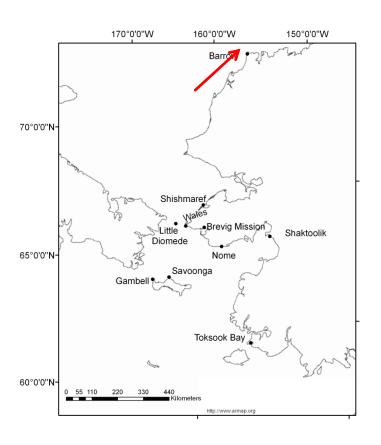
18 May 2007 through 30 May 2007



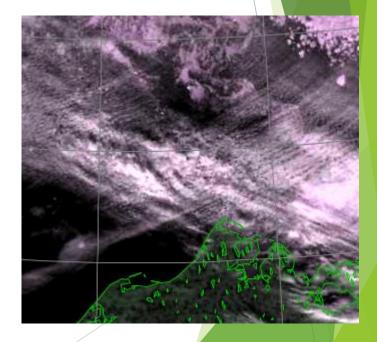


4 June 2007





21 July 2007



Trends

- Shorter sea ice observation period from the Sea Ice for Walrus Outlook from 2010-2016
- Past: end date ~June 25
- Present: end date~June 7

2016 Archive	2015 Archive		
9 June 2016 2 June 2016 27 May 2016 19 May 2016 12 May 2016 5 May 2016 28 April 2016	5 June 2015 29 May 2015 22 May 2015 15 May 2015 8 May 2015 1 May 2015 24 April 2015 17 April 2015 10 April 2015		
20 June 2014 13 June 2014	3 April 2015 2013 Archive		
6 June 2014 30 May 2014 23 May 2014 16 May 2014 9 May 2014 25 April 2014 18 April 2014 11 April 2014 4 April 2014 28 March 2014 2012 Archive	28 June 2013 21 June 2013 14 June 2013 7 June 2013 31 May 2013 24 May 2013 17 May 2013 10 May 2013 3 May 2013 26 April 2013 19 April 2013		
22 June 2012 15 June 2012	5April 2013 2011 Archive		
8 June 2012 1 June 2012 25 May 2012 18 May 2012 11 May 2012 4 May 2012 27 April 2012 20 April 2012 13 April 2012 6 April 2012	24 June 2011 17 June 2011 10 June 2011 3 June 2011 27 May 2011 20 May 2011 13 May 2011 6 May 2011		

Changing ice & young seals

Observations -

About ▼

8

LEO NETWORK

Explore / Observations / Dead Seals



Observation: 4:24 PM, On the community of Wales beach (Village Creek) near the Wales Kingikmiut School we are spotting dead baby spotted and ringed seals washing up on the beach with no signs of lesions or signs of gun shots. They looked like they have washed in after high tide last night to day before. Most appear to have been eaten by seagulls or ravens. The ice has just went out the past couple of weeks with the change in seasons and summer on the rise. The past couple of days we have seen 35 to 40 degree weather. The ice was seen breaking up by sea surf and can see that the ice has gotten rotten in most areas up the beach. The growth of seals and other sea mammals are a great food resource to our community and this is the first time I have seen baby seals wash up in front of the village.

LEO says: It is possible that the early and rapid retreat of the ice has resulted in tough conditions for young seals. See LEO observation by Mike Brubaker with Hajo Eicken and Olivia Lee posted June 27, 2014 and titled: Early ice retreat may explain seal pup mortality.

Contributors



Robert Tokeinna, Jr. Diomede Alaska, Unite...

Tribal President
Wales Native
Corporation



Gay Sheffield Nome Alaska, United St...

Marine Advisory
Program Bering
Strait
UAF Sea Grant

Add Comment



Olivia Lee Oct 18, 2016

Enter Your Comment Here ...

Who can see your comment?

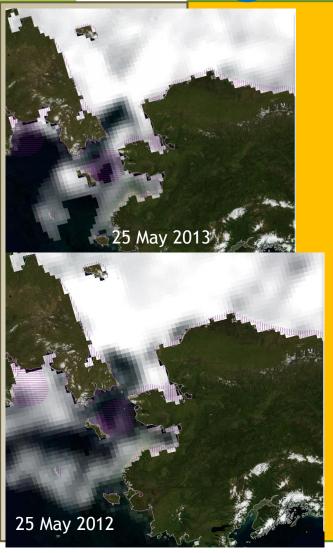
atitude 65.603567453962

itude -168.08687210083

Citation

Tokeinna, Jr., Robert, and Gay Sheffield. "Dead Seals." *LEO I* Tribal Health Consortium, Observed 16 June 2014. Web. Acc 2016

Changing ice & young seals







Purple= ringed seal concentration areas Feb-June (and Oct/ Nov in Kotzebue Sound)

Source: Arctic Marine Synthesis, AOOS

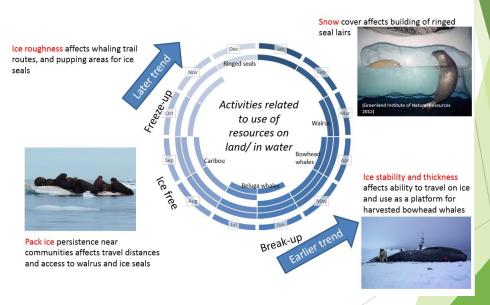




New efforts

- Alaska Observatory and Knowledge Hub (www.arctic-aok.com);
 - Community observations of sea ice and permafrost ice cellars
 - Instrument measurements of sea ice change

The seasonal cycle framework links community activities of interest to observational data



- ► LEO Sea ice project
 - Unusual observations on sea ice conditions and ice-related animals

Summary

- Community observers provide an important link between local scale ice observations and remote sensing broad scale observations
 - Multi-scale approach to monitor sea ice change
- Local observations of sea ice as habitat
 - Pack ice visible from shore (walrus and bearded seals)
 - Presence of fast ice, ice thickness, movements, currents, temperature
 - Animal behavior: resting, swimming, vocalizing
 - Variability in ice and lead conditions
- Network of community observations
 - Supplements tracking of animal movements
 - Observations of young animals

Questions?



Acknowledgements

- Key collaborating sea-ice experts & observers:
 - Winton Weyapuk Jr. (Wales)
 - Joe Leavitt (Barrow)
 - Billy Adams (Barrow)
 - Paul & Leonard Apangalook Sr. (Gambell)