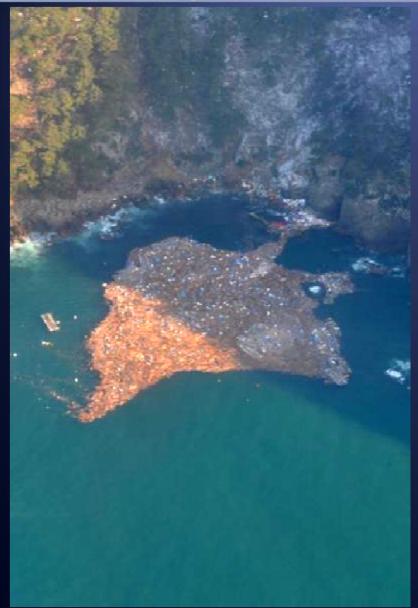
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Japan Tsunami Marine Debris:

Information, actions, and opportunities for engagement

Local Environmental Observer Network *April 16, 2012*

Peter Murphy

Alaska Coordinator NOAA Marine Debris Program



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Outline

- Background
 - Marine Debris
 - Marine Debris in AK
 - Japan Tsunami
- What we know
- What we are doing
- What you can do
- Questions?



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NOAA Marine Debris Program

- Established in 2005
- Mandated by the Marine Debris Research, Prevention, and Reduction Act, Dec. 2006
- Dedicated to leading and promoting research, prevention, and reduction activities nationwide
- Regional Structure
- Website: http://marinedebris.noaa.gov/



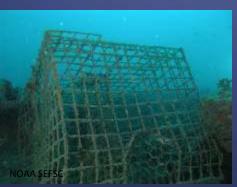


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What is marine debris?

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Marine Debris is "any persistent solid material that is manufactured or processed and directly or indirectly, intentionally or unintentionally, disposed of or abandoned into the marine environment or the Great Lakes."



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Marine Debris: Where does it come from?

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Photos: NOAA

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Photos: NOAA

Marine Debris - Impacts





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What we know about...

The "garbage patches"





What do we REALLY know about the "garbage patches?"



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Here's what you need to know...

Term "garbage patch" is a misnomer.

Marine debris concentrates in various areas of our oceans – not just the "garbage patches."

Gyres (very large scale) Eddies

Windrows

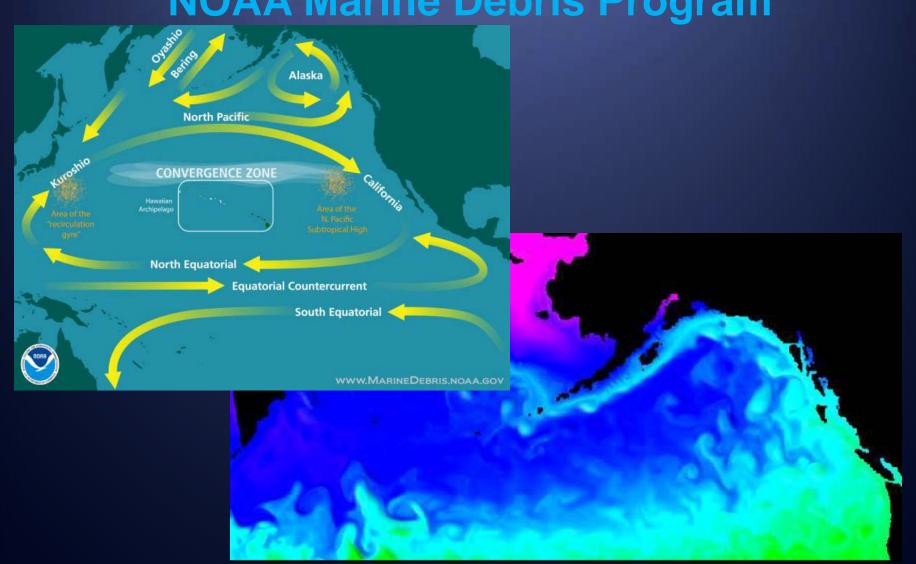


3 things to remember:

- 1. NOT a blanket of trash visible with satellite or aerial photography.
- 2. Exact size and mass are unknown.
- 3. Mainly small bits of floatable marine debris.

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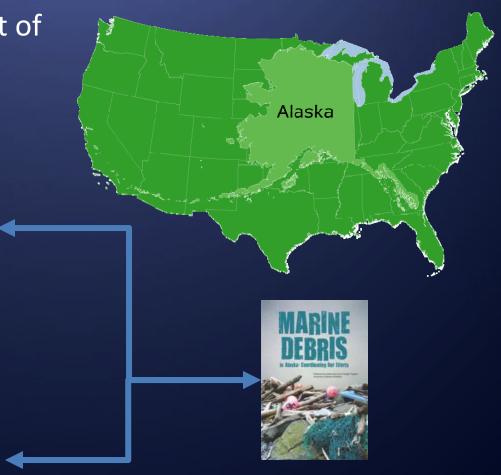
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Marine Debris: In Alaska

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Marine Debris in Alaska

- More coastline than rest of US combined
- High density of marine debris
- Actions
 - Removal
 - Research
 - Disposal
 - Data standardization
 - Outreach
 - From AK to lower 48

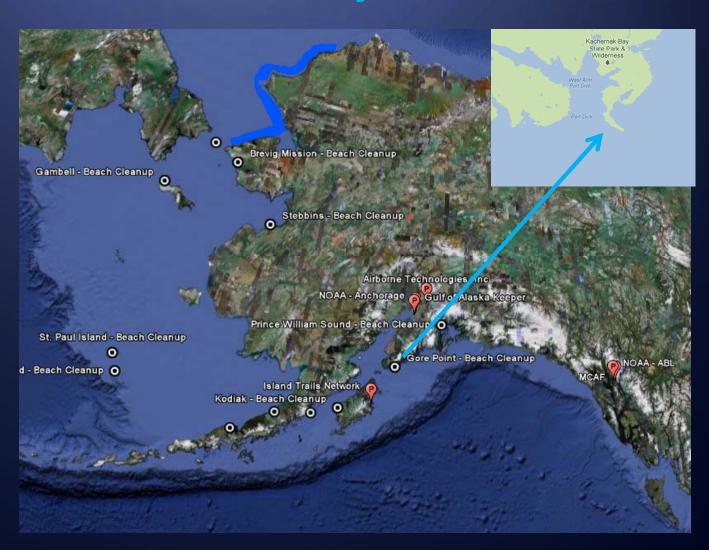


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Marine Debris - Already in Alaska

- MD in AK
 - 23 projects
 - Research
 - Outreach
 - Removal



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Marine Debris

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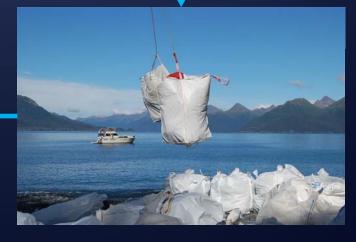
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Marine Debris in AK – Example









Photos: Gulf of Alaska Keeper

Marme Debris



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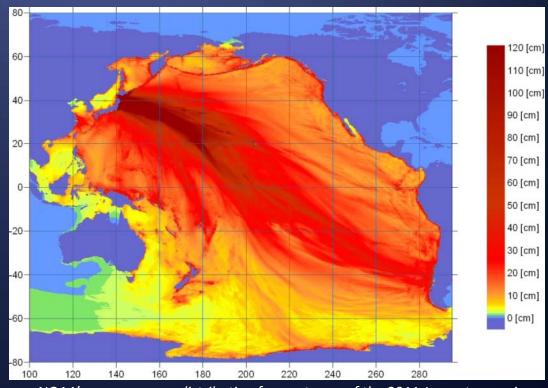
Marine Debris: Japan Tsunami



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Tsunami Event

- 9.0 magnitude earthquake
- 120 ft max wave height
- 217 square miles inundation
- 15,844 people confirmed dead, 3,451 missing



NOAA's ocean energy distribution forecast map of the 2011 Japan tsunami



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The Damage

- Total debris on land: ~22 million tons
- Quantity and composition of floating debris: unknown at this time



Ofunato, March 15



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Tsunami Marine Debris – What is it?



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Marine Debris

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At-sea Sightings: Japan, Oct., Nov. 2011



Fishing boat



Gas cylinder



Capsized boat



Fishing gear

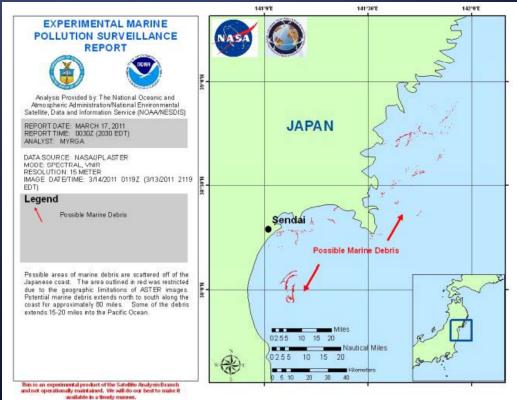
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Marine Debris – Early Sightings



Aerial Imagery - March 13

- Patches and fields
- · Wood, construction materials abundant



Satellite Imagery – March

• Patches and fields – By April 14, debris no longer visible



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Modeling – Initial Efforts



Mar 2013 Mar 2014 Mar 2016

NOAA OSCURS Model outputs

UH SCUD model outputs

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Windage

Wind Direction

Sail Area

Windage is <u>combination</u> of sail area and drag.

Drag

Lower windage

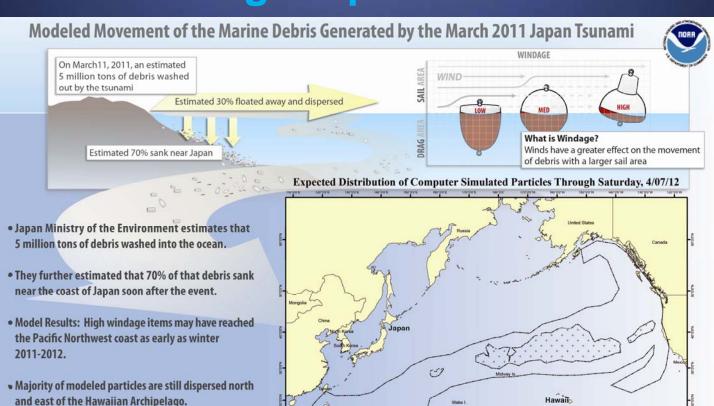
Higher windage

 NOAA expects widely scattered debris may show up intermittently along shorelines for a long period of time,

over the next year, or longer.

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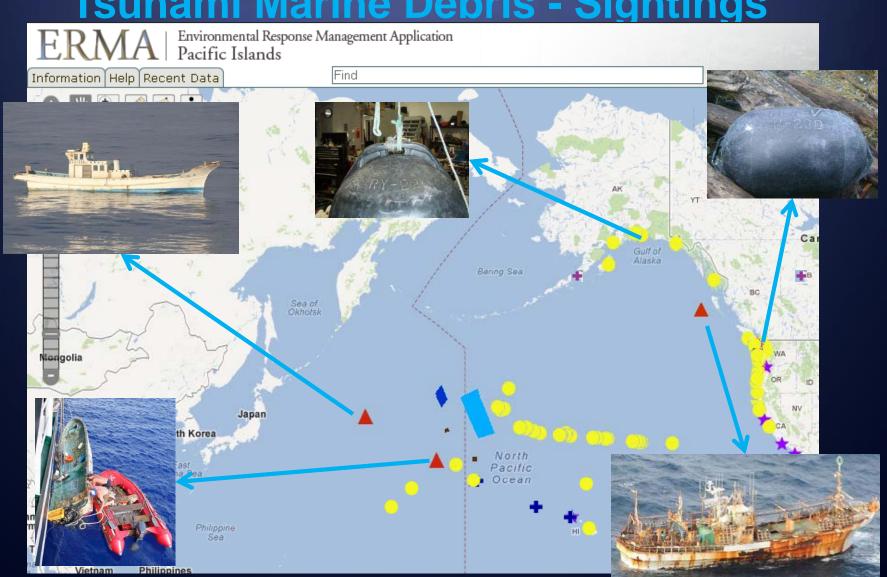
Modeling – Updated Efforts



NOAA used a computer model to simulate the movement of tsunami debris from March 11, 2011, to the present day. This GNOME model (General NOAA Operational Modeling Environment) simulation is based on ocean surface currents from the US Navy (the Hybrid Coordinate Ocean Model) and winds from NOAA (the NOAA blended wind product). The computer model simulated the release of 1,000 particles from each of 8 locations on the Japan coastline where tsunami wave heights were 3.5 meters or greater. Particles were randomly assigned windage values from 1-5%, meaning that they were moved not only by ocean currents, but were also moved by 1-5% of wind speed in the downwind direction. The dotted black line is drawn to contain 95% of all simulated particles. The shaded area indicates the region of the highest concentration of simulated debris with 1% windage at the end of the simulation. For more details on this model, please visit marinedebris.noaa.gov

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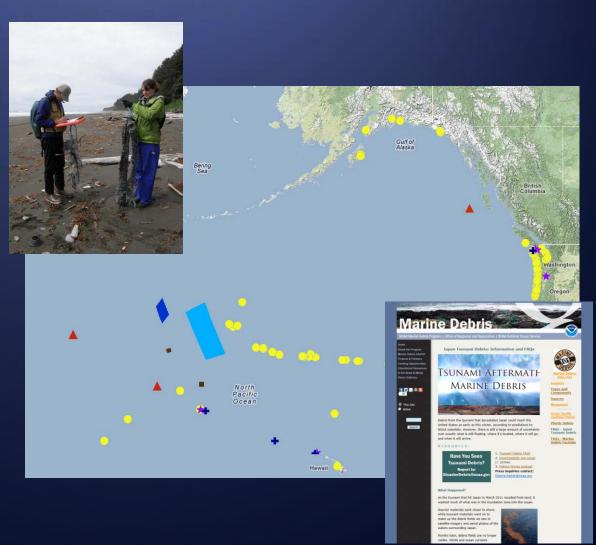


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Tsunami Marine Debris – Actions

- 1. Detection
 - Satellite, Aerial, Vessel
- 2. Modeling
- 3. Monitoring
 - Baseline data
- 4. Planning / Preparedness
 - Regional
- 5. Communication





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Tsunami Marine Debris – What we know

- Tsunami debris added to an existing problem
- Likely much of the debris sank near shore off Japan coast.
- Debris is dispersed and not in large concentrations or fields.
- Radioactive debris?
 - Consensus that contamination of debris is <u>highly</u> unlikely
- Sightings
 - Three sightings of confirmed JTMD (as of 04/10/12), many more unconfirmed

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Marine Debris Reporting

- 3 Tiers / Levels
 - 1. Voluntary Reporting
 - Occasional
 - Local knowledge
 - 2. Presence/Absence
 - Regular
 - Local knowledge + Recording
 - 3. Structured Monitoring

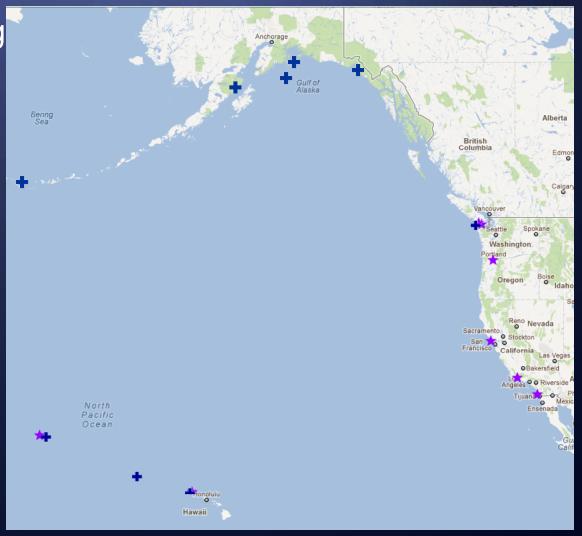


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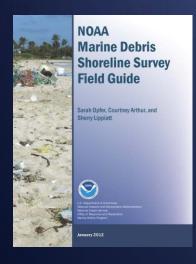
Marine Debris Monitoring

- Structured Monitoring
 - MDP Protocol
 - 1. Select site
 - 2. Characterize site
 - 3. Select transects
 - Collect marine debris data
 - 5. Repeat monthly



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Marine Debris Monitoring



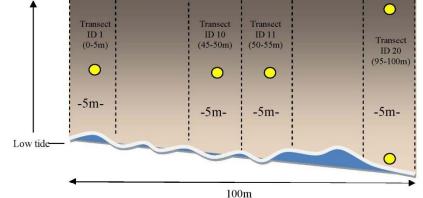


Figure 3. Example of a shoreline section (100m) with yellow circles indicating marked GPS coordinates. Width determines location of GPS coordinates.

MARINE DEBRIS SURVEY- PHOTO MANUAL

PLASTIC

















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Marine Debris What YOU can do!

- Report JTMD sightings
 - disasterdebris@noaa.gov
- Volunteer
 - Cleanup
 - Monitoring Programs
- Stay Informed
 - http://marinedebris.noaa.gov



Photo: Gulf of Alaska Keeper



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Thank You

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Report JTMD Sightings to: disasterdebris@noaa.gov