



Citizen Science in Alaska



Corlene Rose & Michael Rasy Integrated Pest Management Program Cooperative Extension Service

http://www.uaf.edu/ces/ipm/









Our Mission:

The Alaska Cooperative Extension Service engages and supports the people and communities of Alaska, connecting them with their university. We provide fact-based and practical information while bringing Alaska's issues and challenges to the university.





The Alaska IPM Program has adapted to meet public demand while supporting dynamic, local, statewide & national cooperative partnerships.

PROVIDING: Educational Outreach & Services

SCOUTING: Early Detection of Pests & ID

ASSISTING: Pest Monitoring & Data Collection

IPM staff & seasonal Technicians Statewide

Anchorage, Fairbanks, Juneau, Kenai Peninsula, Matanuska-Susitna Valley & Delta Junction

• Approximately 14,000 public contacts - Annually





CES District Offices:

Nome
Bethel
Fairbanks
Delta Junction
Palmer
Anchorage
Soldotna/Kenai
Juneau
Sitka

Digital Diagnostics Imaging

Western Plant Diagnostic Network (WPDN)

Collaborating with

State of Alaska:

University of Alaska Fairbanks
USFS State & Private Forestry
USDA APHIS
UC Davis
Oregon State University

- Division of Forestry
- Division of Agriculture



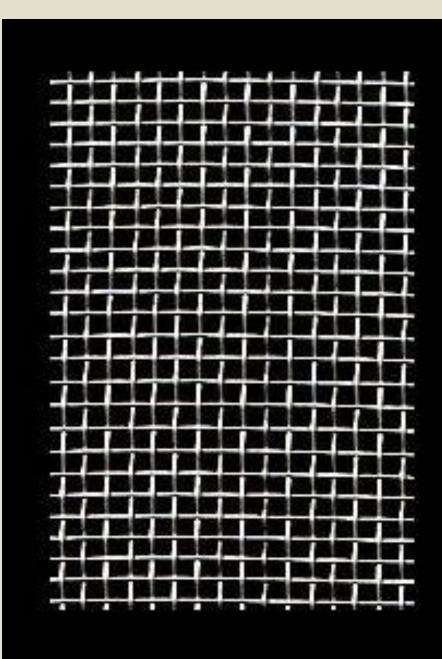


<u>Specimen Identification system – accessing numerous experts</u>

Public Outreach & Invasive Species

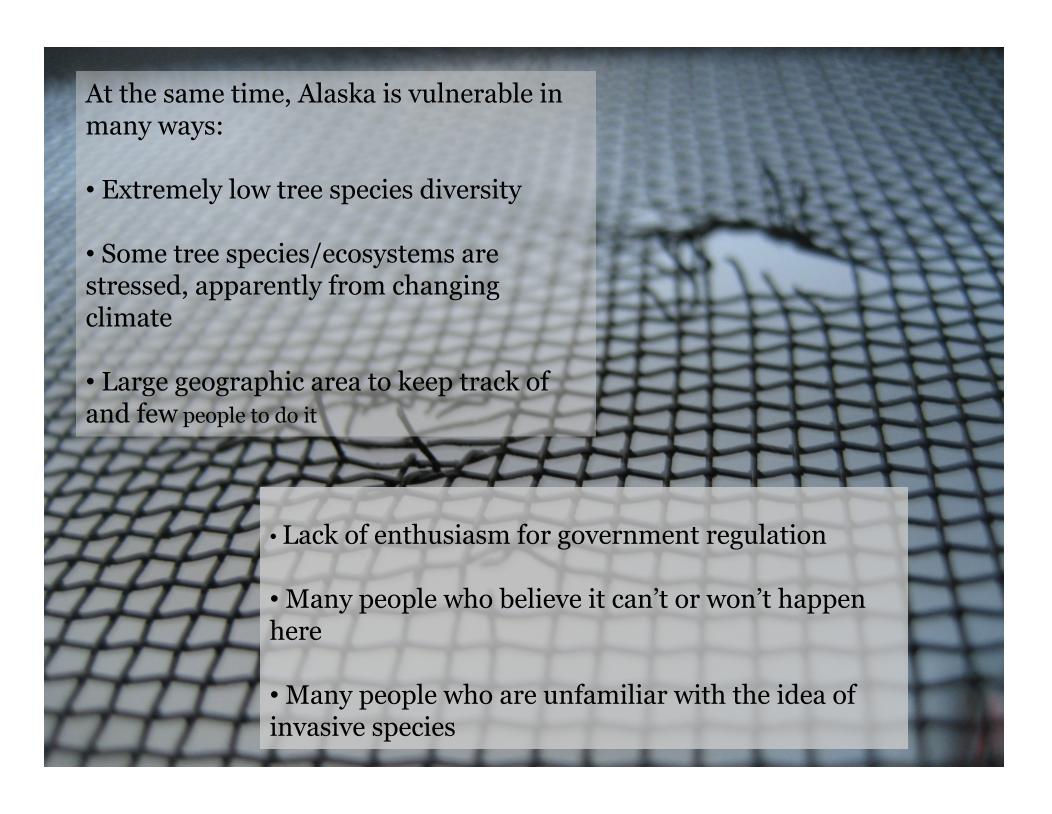
"The greatest instrument in the prevention & control of invasive species... is public education."

(Courtesy: Penn State Dept. of Conservation & Natural Resources)



Alaska is protected from invasive species in some ways:

- Few people
- Few roads
- Little development
- Cold climate



A changing climate can impact many things...



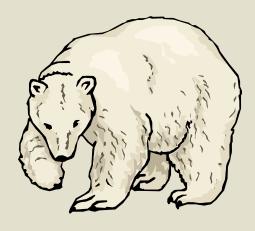
Glaciers melting



Flowers blooming later

Climate

(Temperature Rain, Snow Wind, Lightning Drought Severe weather Others...)



Polar bears dying



Oceans rising



Butterflies migrating

Bark Beetle attacking



(Holsten 2000)

"the ultimate integrated science"...

What is a high risk pest?

 A pest not currently known to occur in the continental United
 States = exotic





 A pest with limited distribution in the continental United States, but economically important if it spreads



Northeast Significant Pests



Asian Longhorn Beetle



Emerald Ash Borer









2010 Pest Detection Surveys in Alaska:

INSECTS:

- Gypsy Moth (European & Asian) (*Lymantria dispar*)
- Nun Moth (*Lymantria monacha*)
- Pink (Rosy) Gypsy Moth (*Lymantria mathura*)
- Siberian Silk Moth (Dendrolimus superans sibiricus)
- Emerald Ash Borer (Agrilus planipennis)
- Light Brown Apple Moth (Epiphyas postvittana)
- Green Alder Sawfly (Monsoma pulveratum)

MOLLUSKS:

• Exotic Terrestrial Slugs (Arion spp.) and Snails









Gypsy Moth, Asian and European *Lymantria spp.*





John H. Ghent, USDA Forest Service

Also: Nun moth, Lymantria monacha
Siberian moth, Dendrolimus superans
Rosy Gypsy moth, Lymantria mathura



Geometrid moth outbreaks

Epirrita autumnata, Autumn moth Operophtera bruceata, Bruce spanworm Eulithis destinata Eulithis propulsata









The 1st Step of IPM

IDENTIFY the Organism

(or whatever the problem is -or- seems to be)

What can you do?

- Be familiar with common regional and local pests
- Know seasonal pest patterns.
- Know typical weather patterns
- Learn about common (non-pest) organisms & life-cycles
- Participate in Citizen Science

Brown Marmorated Stink bug



Found in King Cove, AK

Birch shield/stink bug



Pest

Not a Pest

Search:

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Community Health

Environment/Engineering

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You are here: ANTHC > Community Health Services > Community Environment and Safety > Climate and Health > LEO Home



Local Environmental Observer (LEO) Network

Arctic communities are changing due to environmental impacts, climate change and development. Monitoring the environment is important for understanding the risks and benefits and for adaptation. The LEOs are the eyes, ears and voice of environmental change in Alaska communities.





We are tribal environmental professionals who apply traditional knowledge, western science and technology to document unusual plants and wildlife, extreme weather, erosion, flooding, droughts, wildfire and other events that can threaten food security, water security and community health. Checkout our LEO monthly maps and other links to learn more.







Return to: Center for Climate and Health

LEO Oct 2012 Map



View LARGE: click here LEO Maps Archive October 2012 ‡ Go

Related Pages

- About LEO
- Contact Info
- LEO Slideshow
- Partners & Resources





Who is LEO?

"Citizen Scientists" have made some of the most significant pest detections in recent decades, including the Asian Longhorn Beetle and other invasive species.

In Alaska, the early detection and rapid response to invasive pest introductions is key to prevention.

Citizen monitoring is how you can help.













Thank You from "AKIPM"

http://www.uaf.edu/ces/pests/

http://www.uaf.edu/ces/ipm/

http://www.uaf.edu/ces/ipm/cmp/









